	FRECUENCIA ADSOLUTA f_i	FRECUENCIA RELATIVA $f_r = \frac{f_i}{N}$	$\% = f_r \cdot 100$	$f_r \cdot 360$
MUJERES	31	0.46	46	165.6
HOMBRES	35	0.51	51	183.6
NO BINARIES	2	0.03	3	10.8
	68	1	100	360

CLASE

$N = \Sigma f_i$

NUMERO DE DATOS

MODA = HOMBRES

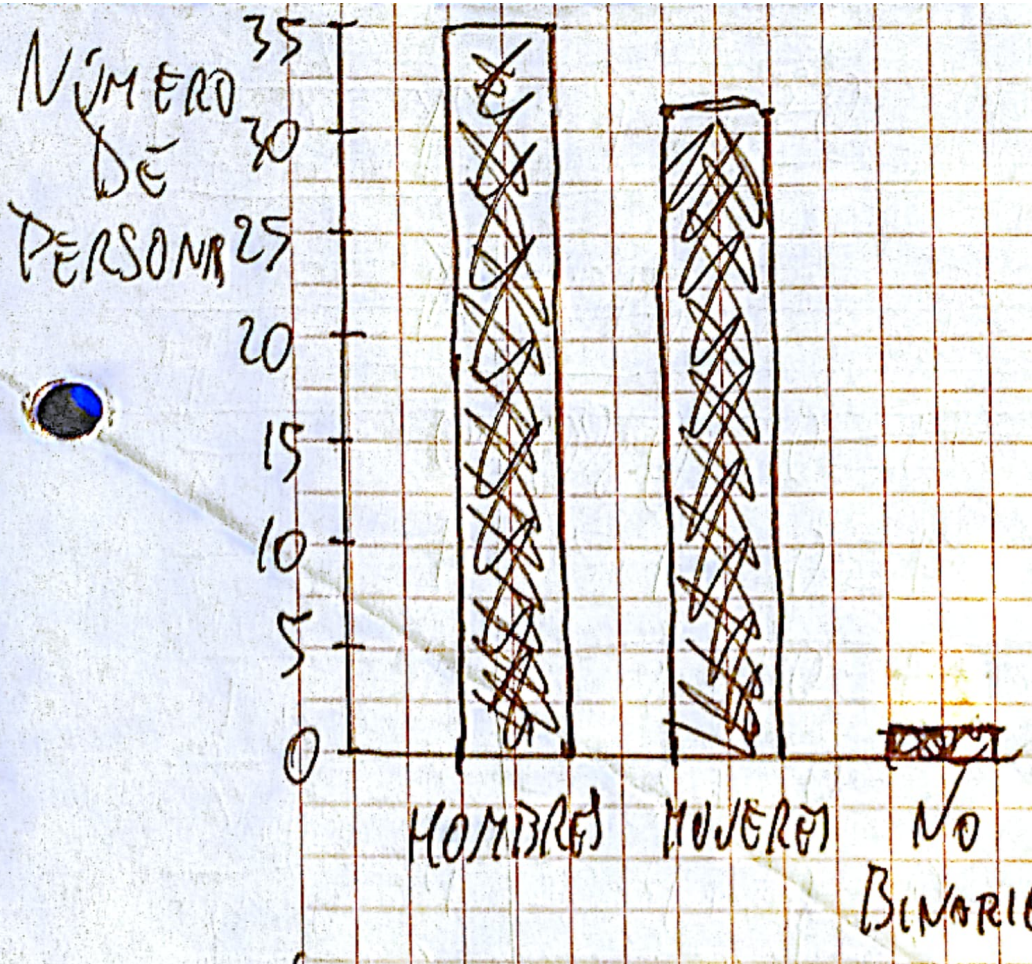

DIAGRAMA DE BARRAS

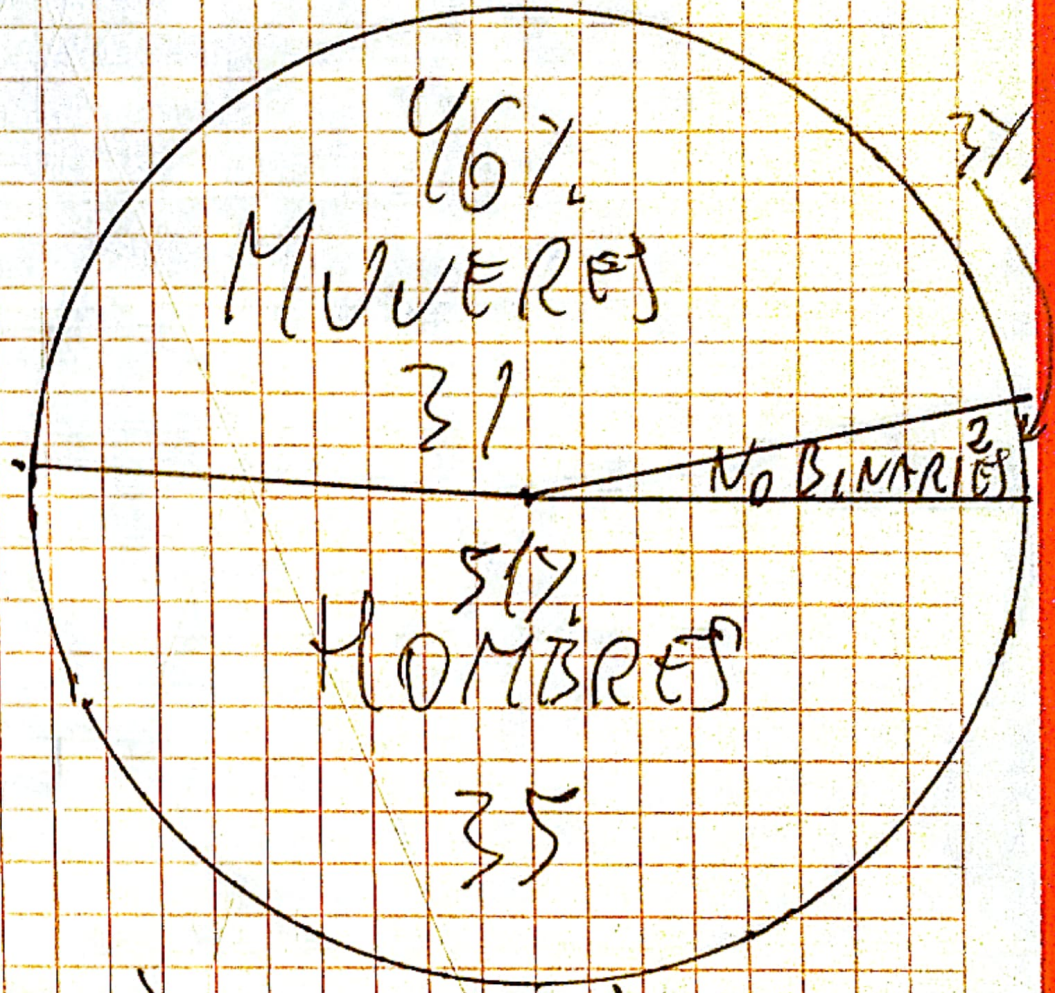

DIAGRAMA DE SECTORES

5)

x_i	f_i	$f_r = \frac{f_i}{N}$	$\% = f_r \cdot 100$	$f_r \cdot 360$
7.5	3	0.1875	18.75	67.5
8	1	0.0625	6.25	22.5
8 → 8.5	4	0.25	25	90
9 → 12	3	0.1875	18.75	67.5
12.5	1	0.0625	6.25	22.5
13	4	0.25	25	90
	16	1	100	360

MODA = 8.5 € y 13 €

MEDIANA = $\frac{8.5+12}{2}$ = 10.25 €